

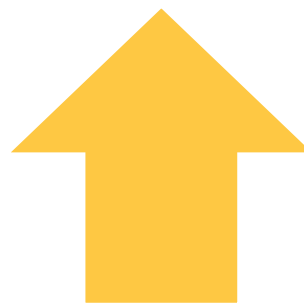
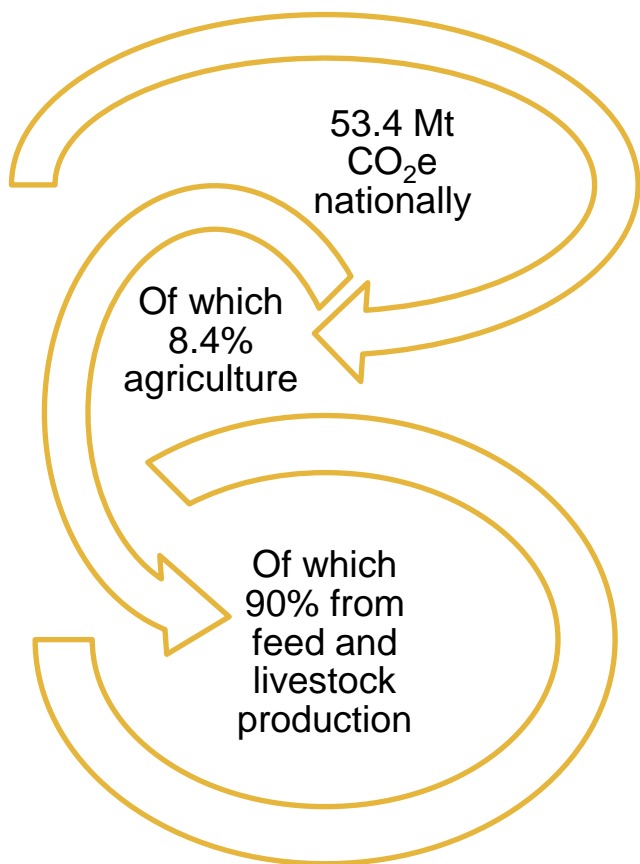
# The relationship between level of somatic cell count and greenhouse gas emissions

Şeyda Özkan, Søren Østergaard, Turid Strøm

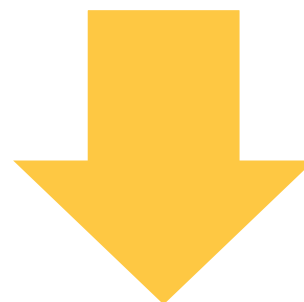


MACSUR Science Conference, Reading University  
8-10 April 2015

# Introduction



30% of emissions from animal production DAIRY



By 2020, 20% reduction in agricultural emissions

Animal health and GHG emissions

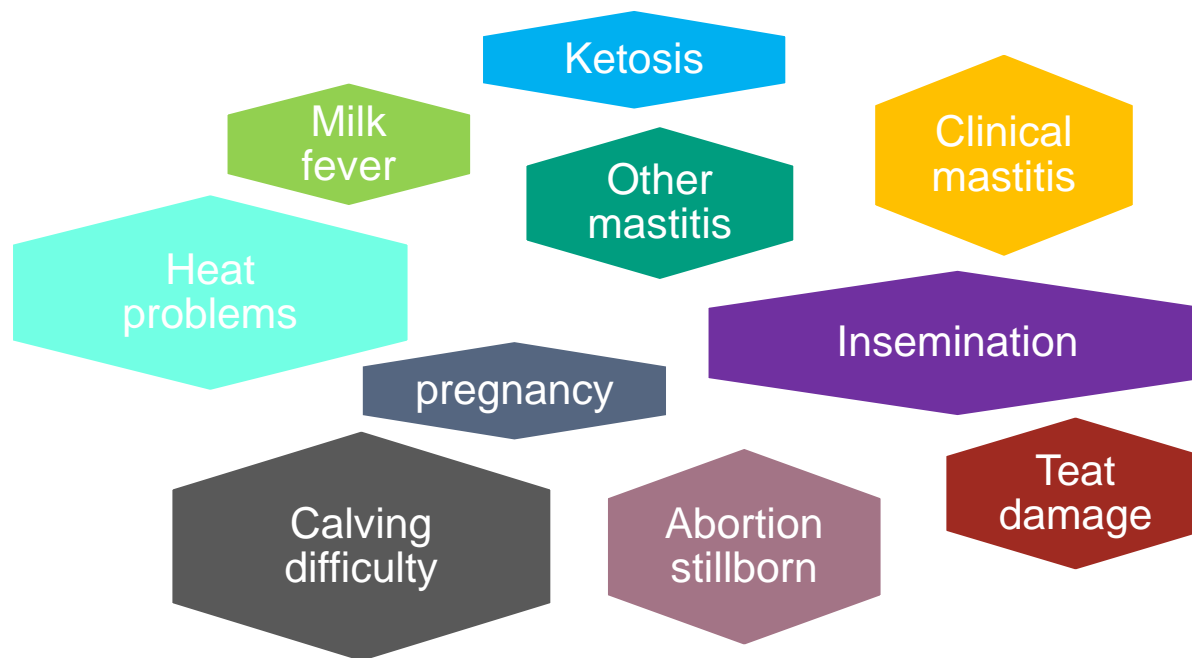
Is it possible to reduce emissions intensity from herds with health problems?

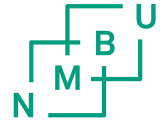
# Data

- Bioforsk Norway collected data for project Environmilk
- Environmilk project: organic and conventional dairy farming
- Effect of farm size and farming intensity on environmental and economic sustainability.
- 10 organic and 10 conventional dairy farms
- in the Møre-Romsdal County.



# Data on animal health



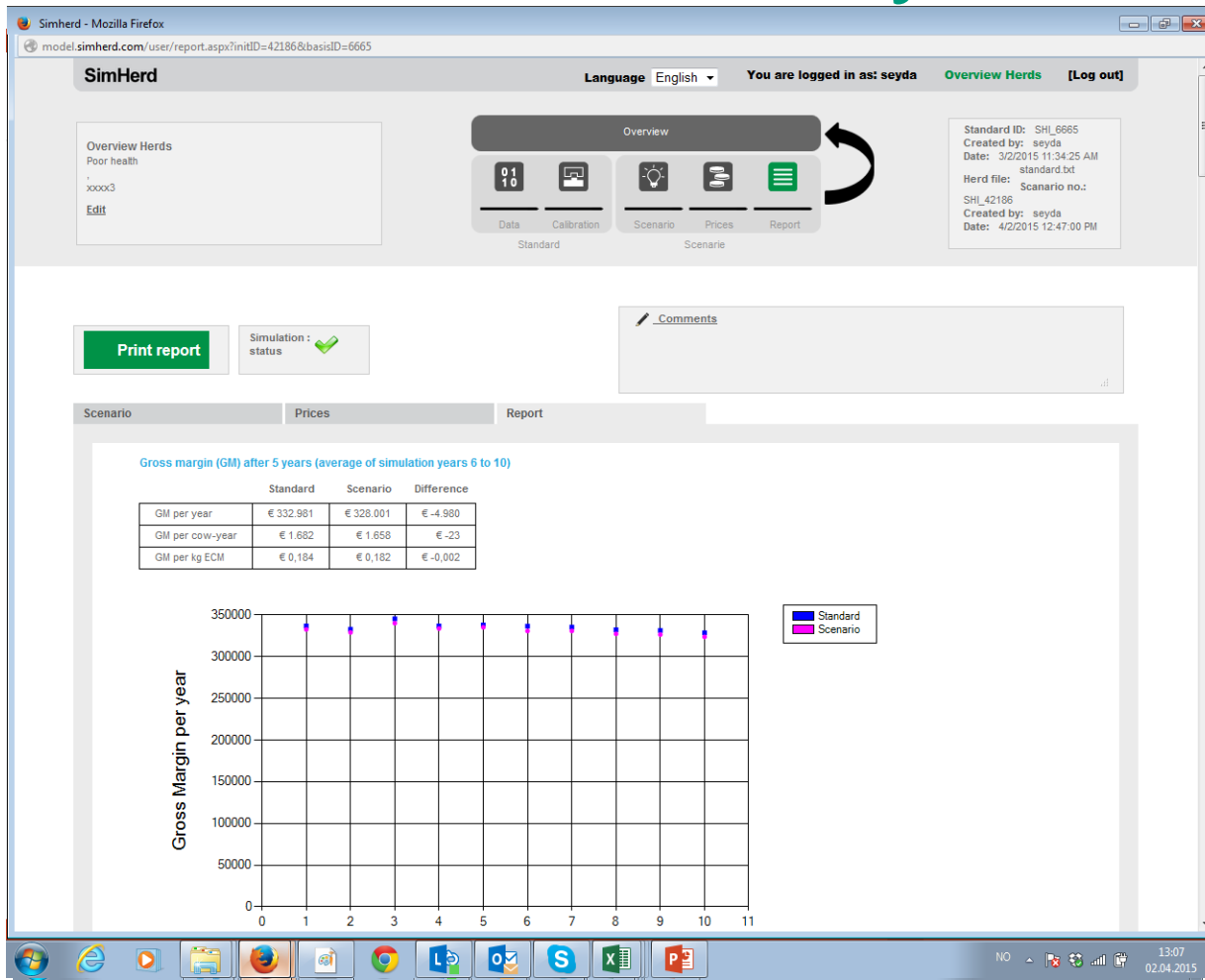


## Tools available: Simherd and HolosNor

### Simherd

- “**SimHerd** develops and commercializes a web-based advisory tool, which offers dairy farmers the possibility to estimate the economic impact of alternative management strategies in their herds”

# Simherd for herd dynamics



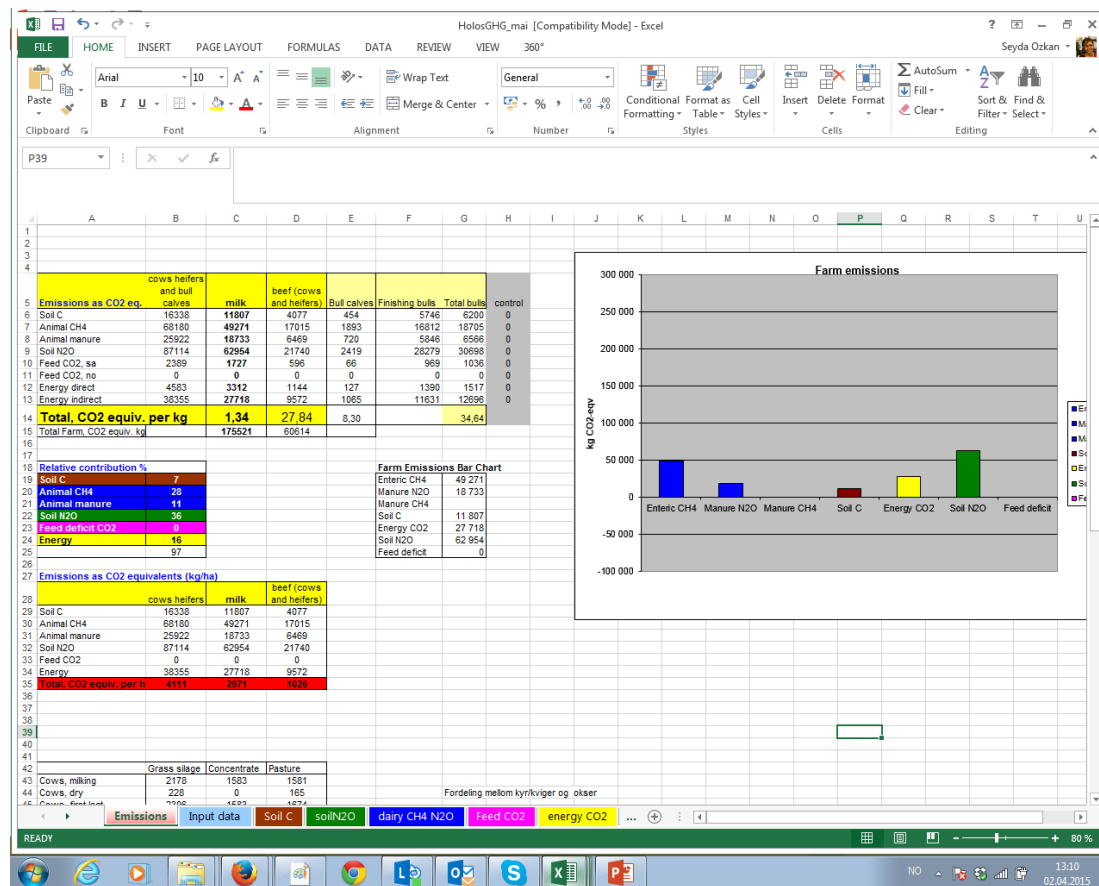
Compares  
Gross margins

Outputs to  
HoloNor

# HolosNor for ghg emissions

- Excel-based calculator
- All significant ghg emissions inc soil C changes
- Uses input data

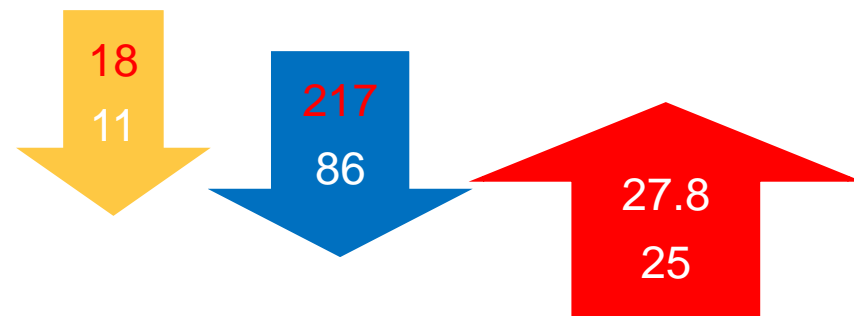
Compares emissions intensity



# Simherd Simulations

## *Good Health vs Poor Health*

- Mastitis occurrence
- Somatic cell count
- Milk yield



### Gross margin (GM) after 5 years (average of simulation years 6 to 10)

	Poor health	Good health	Difference
GM per year	€ 308 300	€ 366 400	€ 58 100
GM per cow-year	€ 1 545	€ 1 829	€ 284
GM per kg ECM	€ 0,183	€ 0,199	€ 0,016



# Simherd outputs (2)

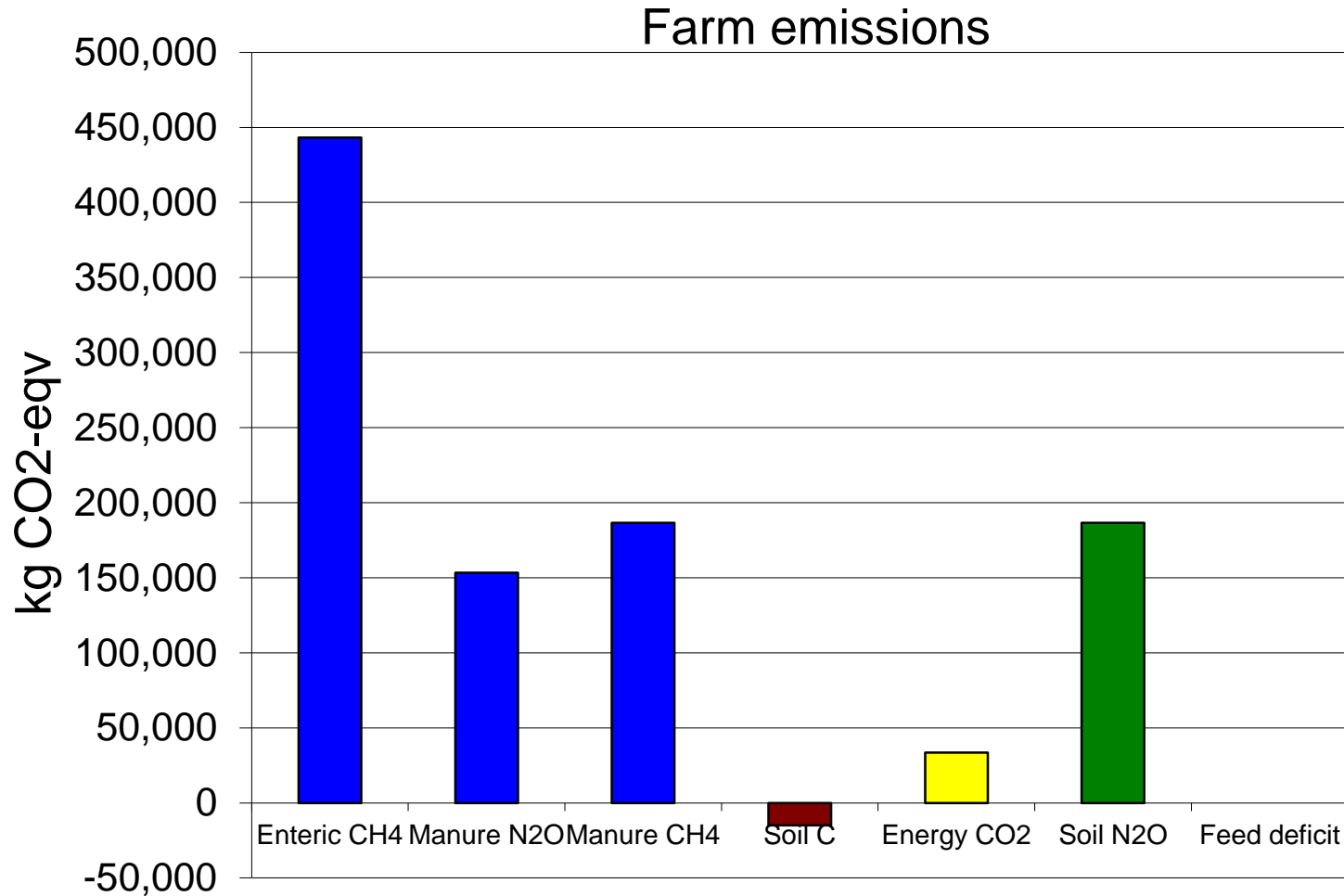
	Poor health	Good health	Difference
Milk yield per cow-year, kg ECM	9324	10187	863

Feed intake in FE per cow-year	6080	6447	367
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Replacement rate	39	36,7	-2,3
Involuntary culling	35	24	-11

Cow-year = total number of feeding days for cows in the herd / 365

# GHG emissions (HolosNor)



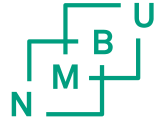
# GHG emissions (2)

	Poor health	Good health
Enteric CH <sub>4</sub> (kg CO <sub>2</sub> e)	443 200	476 400
Total emissions (kg CO <sub>2</sub> e)	808 400	846 000
Emissions intensity (kg CO <sub>2</sub> e/kg ECM)	0,40	0,38

Total emissions vs Emissions intensity

# Final remarks & future work

- Simherd does not represent the actual farms (except for input parameters).
- Calibration of the herds needed
- Herd structure
- Comparing disease interactions (e.g. mastitis plus fertility problems)



# Announcement

MACSUR LiveM Task 2.1 and 2.2 Joint  
workshop with GRA's AHGHGEIN

Reading

24-25 June 2015

To register or for further info, email [seyda.ozkan@nmbu.no](mailto:seyda.ozkan@nmbu.no)  
or [rpk@aber.ac.uk](mailto:rpk@aber.ac.uk)

# Thank you

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